

H-GAC'S Regional Urban Forestry Summit

PRESERVING COMMUNITY TREES

Unexpected Challenges and Practical Solutions

Jack Hill Senior Urban Forester; *BURDITT*



Successful Urban Forest Planning

- Is the result of a PROCESS
- Involves COLLABORATION with other professionals
- Involves the COOPERATION of a supportive Client or City
- Team planning and desire
- Clear goals and objectives



Without Appropriate Planning & Project Mgmt.

 Trees may pose major problems to the function of infrastructure, or,

 Infrastructure may pose critical problems to the survival and growth of the urban forest



Typical Urban Forestry Projects

- Root Memorial Square Park
- Metro Light Rail Project
- Allen Parkway Village
- City of Houston Tree Inventory
- College Station Urban Forestry Management Plan
- Parks and Recreation Urban Forest Tech Manual
- Urban Forest Effects Study (UFORE)



Field Data Collection

In addition to the traditional data attributes;

Check the impact of utilities and other hardscape

Check the correctness of the existing design plan

Existing and planned grade impacts and drainage

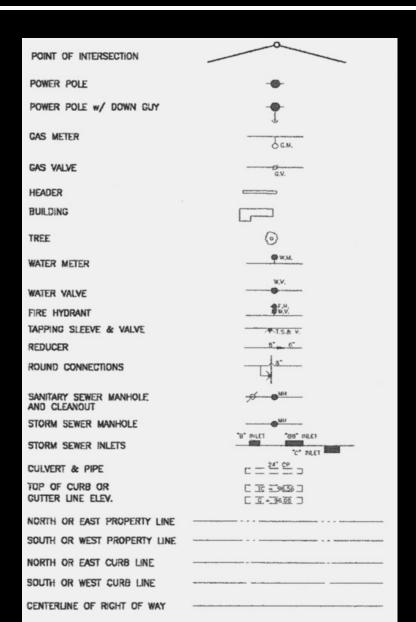


Design Review

- Each tree's critical root zone (crz) area is examined for impacts from construction
- Out of this analysis comes recommendations for design changes, special construction procedures, tree relocation or removal
- Development of redline markup plans with a findings and recommendations report
- Design review meeting with engineer

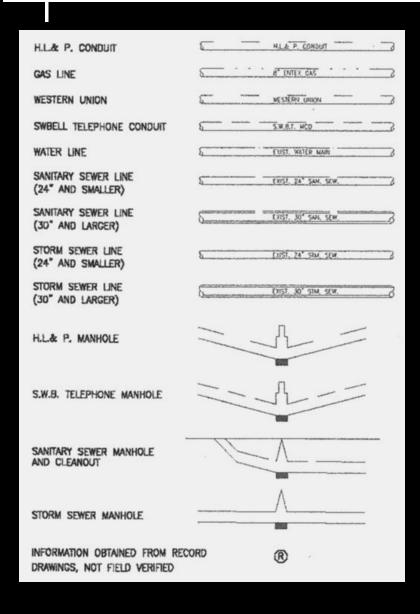


Engineering Documents – Symbols of Power





Powerful Processes



- Engineers and
 Architects have
 "POWER", in part
 because they have a recognized PROCESS
- Urban Foresters must follow a uniform process as well

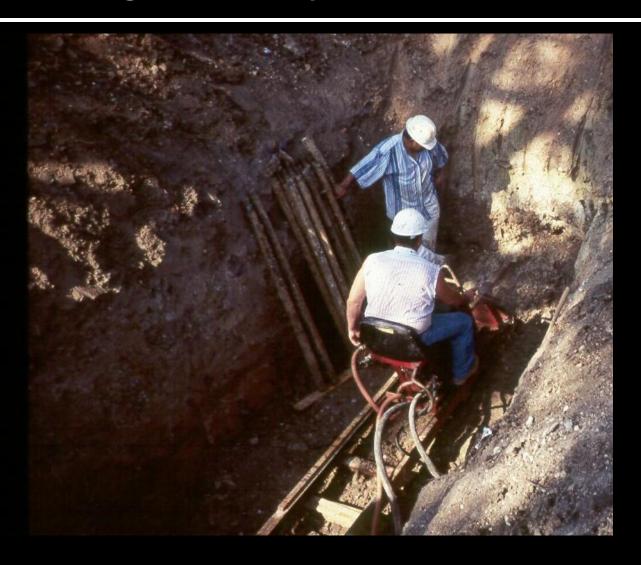


Urban Foresters Must Read Construction Docs



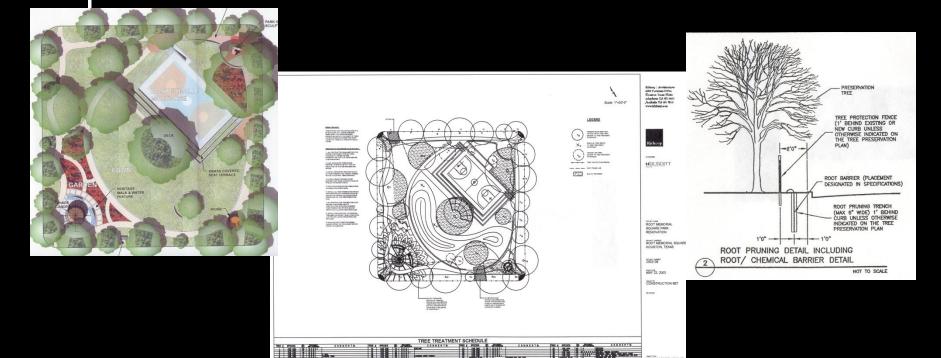


Boring – Small Symbol – BIG HOLE





Tree Preservation Plan



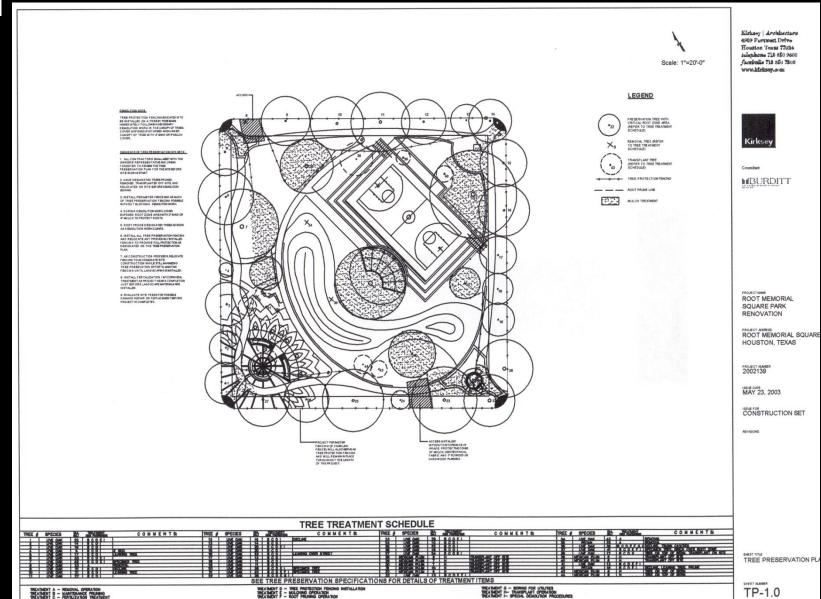
Tree Preservation Plan:

- Tree preservation fencing
- Root pruning
- Mulching

- Pruning
- Transplanting

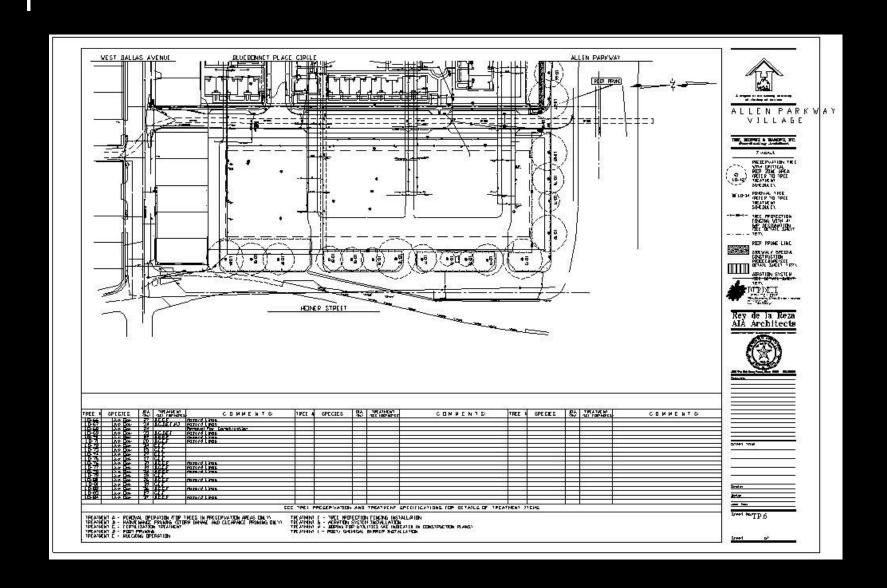


Urban Forestry-Root Memorial Park





Tree Preservation Plan



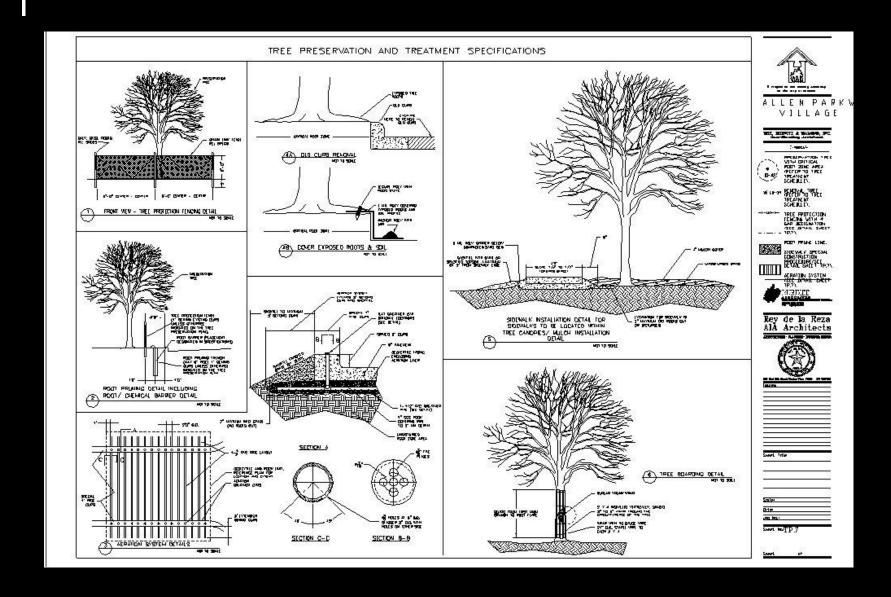


Tree Treatment Schedule

SPECIES	DBH	TREATMENT	NOTES
Live Oak	20	A	Remove
Live Oak	25	B,C,D	
Hackberry	10	B,C,D,G	
Red Oak	15	B,C,D	Hazard Prune
Chinese Tallow	12	B,F	
Cedar Elm	22	A	Hazard Remove

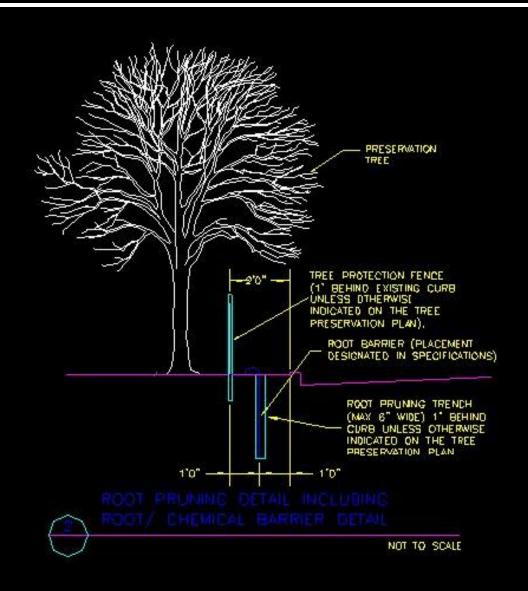


Tree Preservation Details



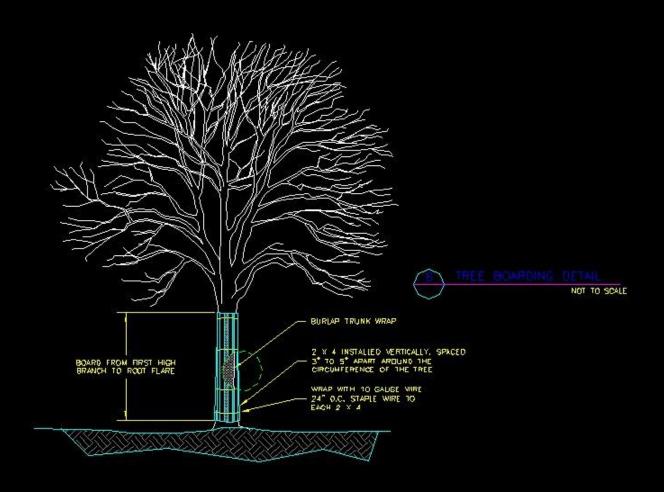


Root Pruning Detail





Boarding Detail





Boarding to Prevent Equipment Damage



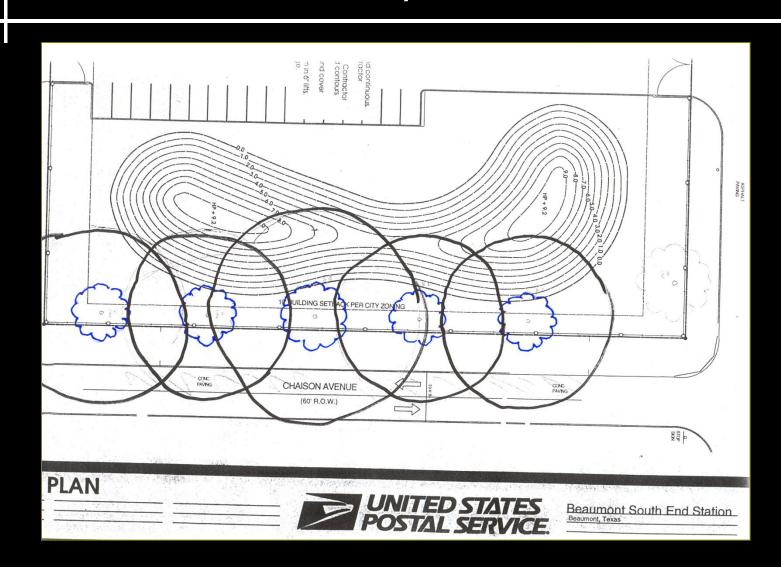


Construction Administration

- Preparing the tree preservation plan techniques for bidding
- Laying out the treatment areas
- Coordination with the selected contractor
- Oversight of the process as installed

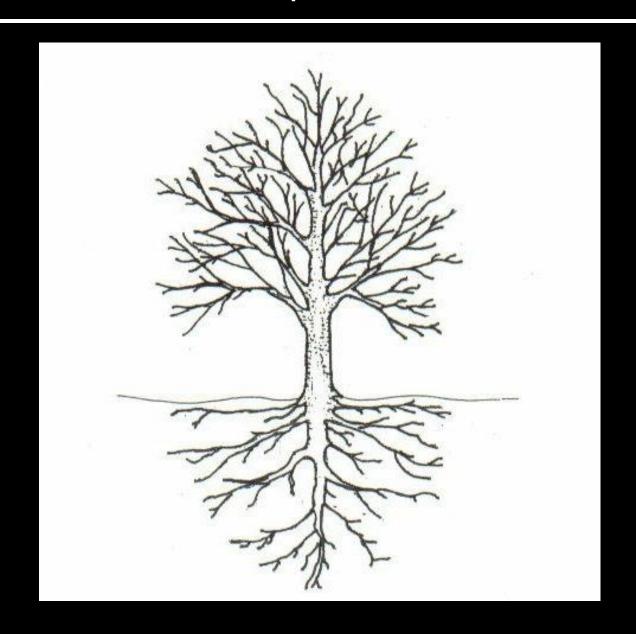


Most Tree Surveys Are Inaccurate





Misconceptions Continue



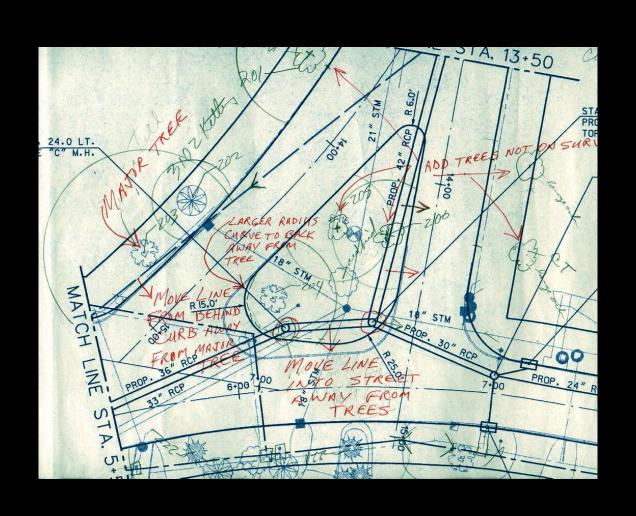


The Real Thing



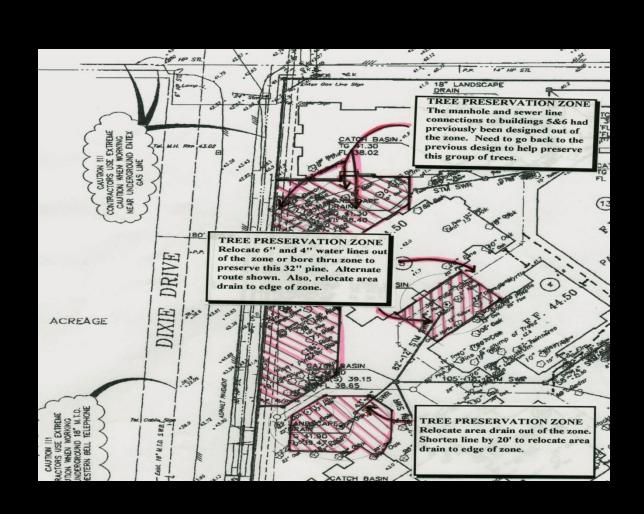


Field Design – Red Line Markup





Field Design – Red Line Markup





Site Monitoring

- After all the assessment, planning, and documentation....
- Site monitoring, or making sure the planning makes its way to the "field", is critical and lacking in today's construction projects.
- Check for compliance to the tree preservation plan



Special Demolition Treatments





Zero Curb Cut

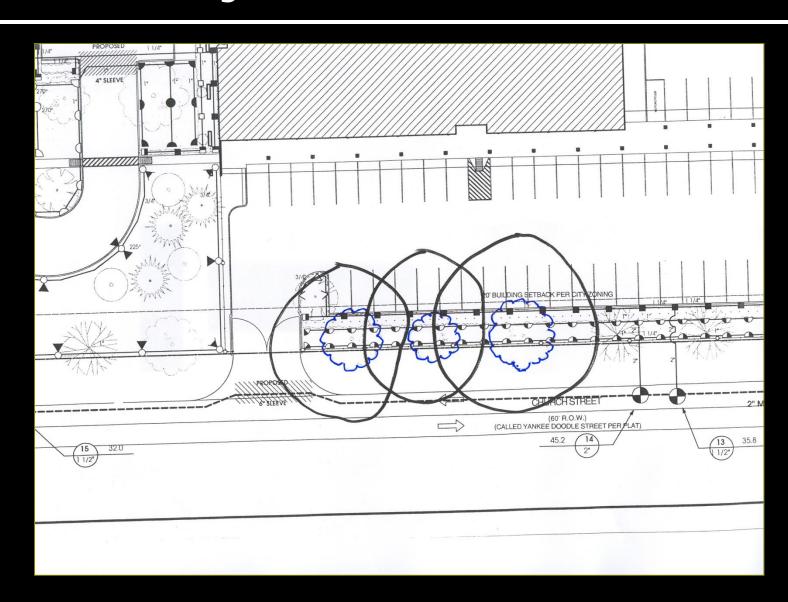








Irrigation – The Final Insult



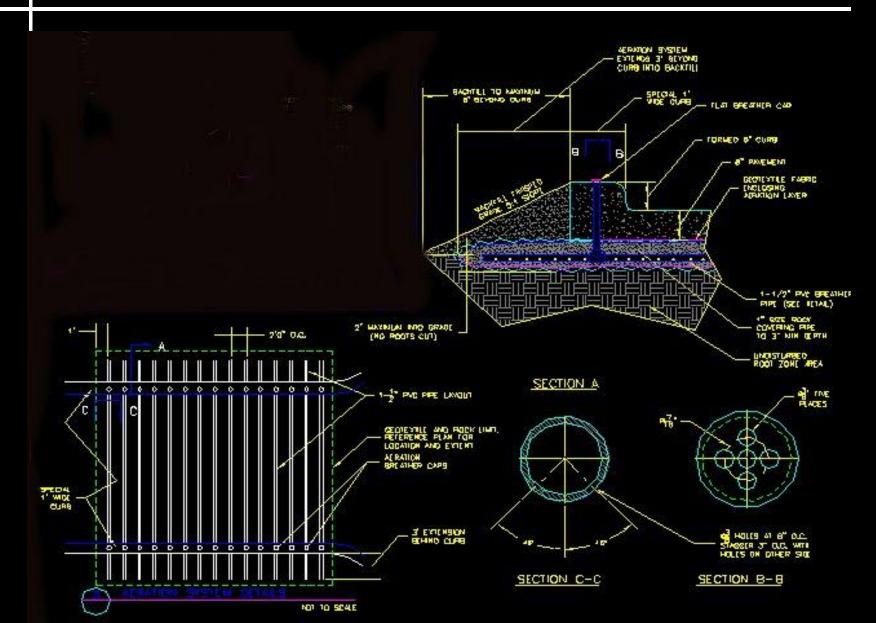


Aeration Systems – When to use

If more than 30 percent of a significant tree's CRZ is to be encroached by pavement for a parking or driveway area, then an aeration system installation shall be required to help preserve the tree.



Aeration Detail





Aeration System – Layout & Construction





Aeration System – Layout & Construction





Aeration System – Layout & Construction





Aeration System - Fill





Aeration System — Post-Fill





Aeration System - Protection





Aeration System - Protection





Aeration Pipe





Aeration System - Rebar





Aeration Curb Construction



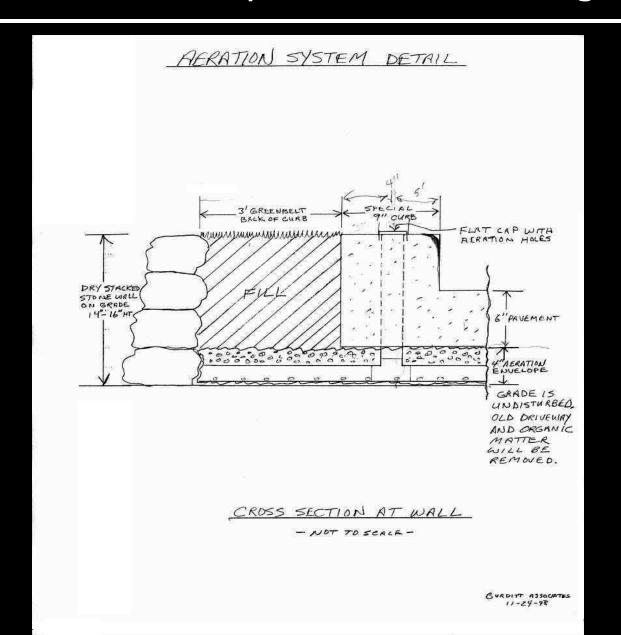


Completed Curb Aeration



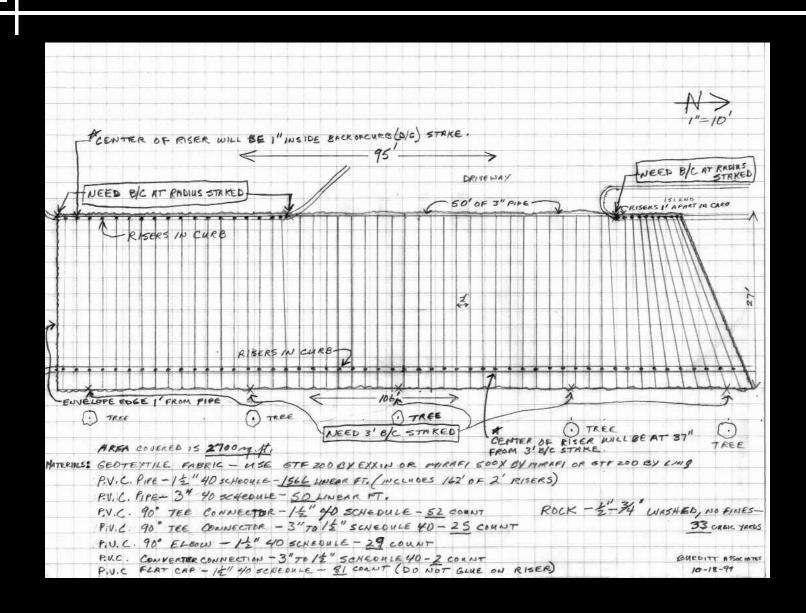


Aeration System Detail Drawing



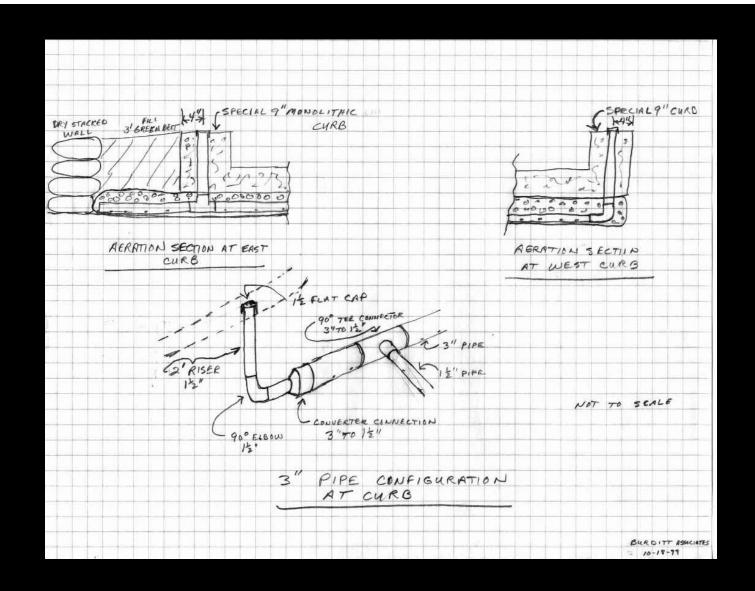


Field Design – Red Line Markup





Field Design – Red Line Markup



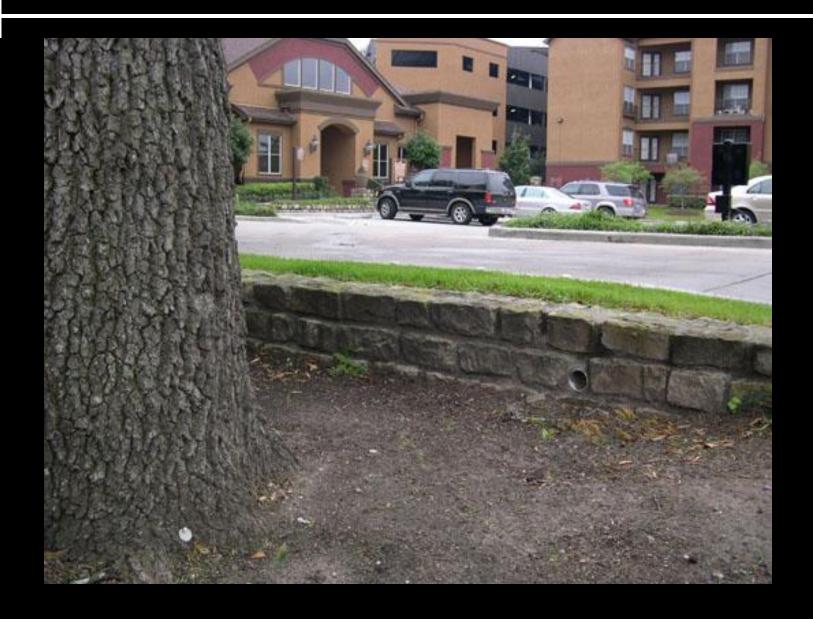


Gates at Hermann Park



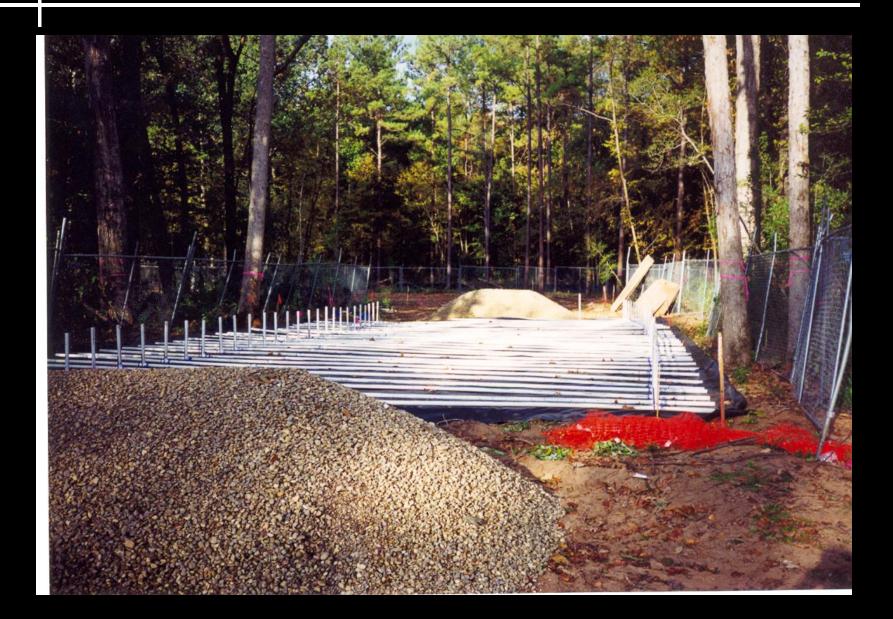


Gates at Hermann Park





Conroe FUMC – Piping Layout





Conroe FUMC – Aeration Layer Covered





Houston METRO Light Rail at North Bound Museum District Station





Why Plan?

 Remember, trees can't move; therefore they must adapt to new environments

The questions is... can the tree adapt to its new environment fast enough?

Will the adaptation be according to a specified plan?



This Tree Could Not Adapt Improper Preservation Planning

