

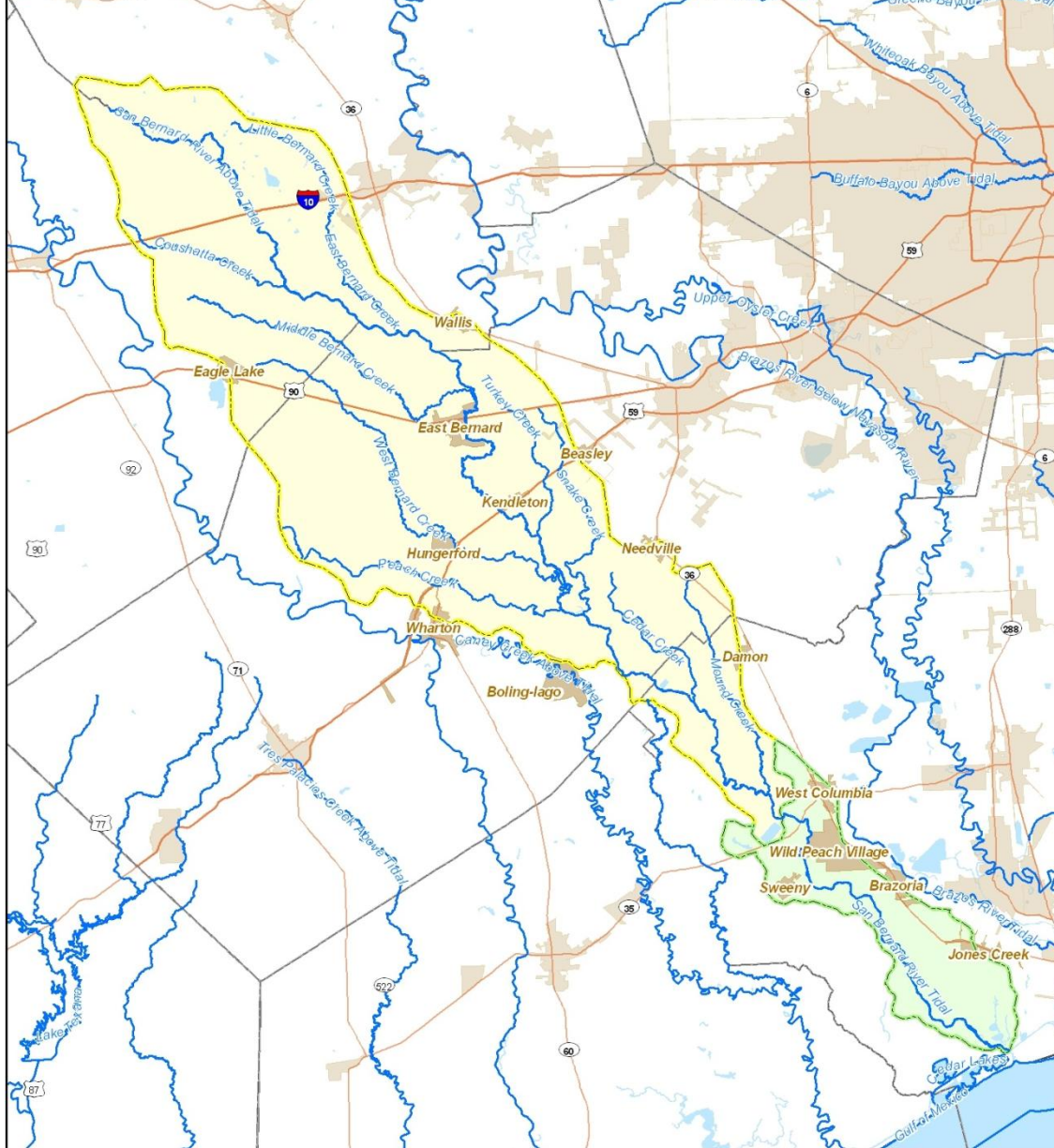
Tina Petersen, Ph.D., P.E.

# San Bernard River

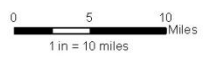
## Watershed Protection Plan Water Quality Modeling

June 16, 2011

**CDM**



- Legend**
- Major Stream
  - San Bernard River Watershed - Above Tidal
  - San Bernard River Watershed - Tidal
  - Urban Area



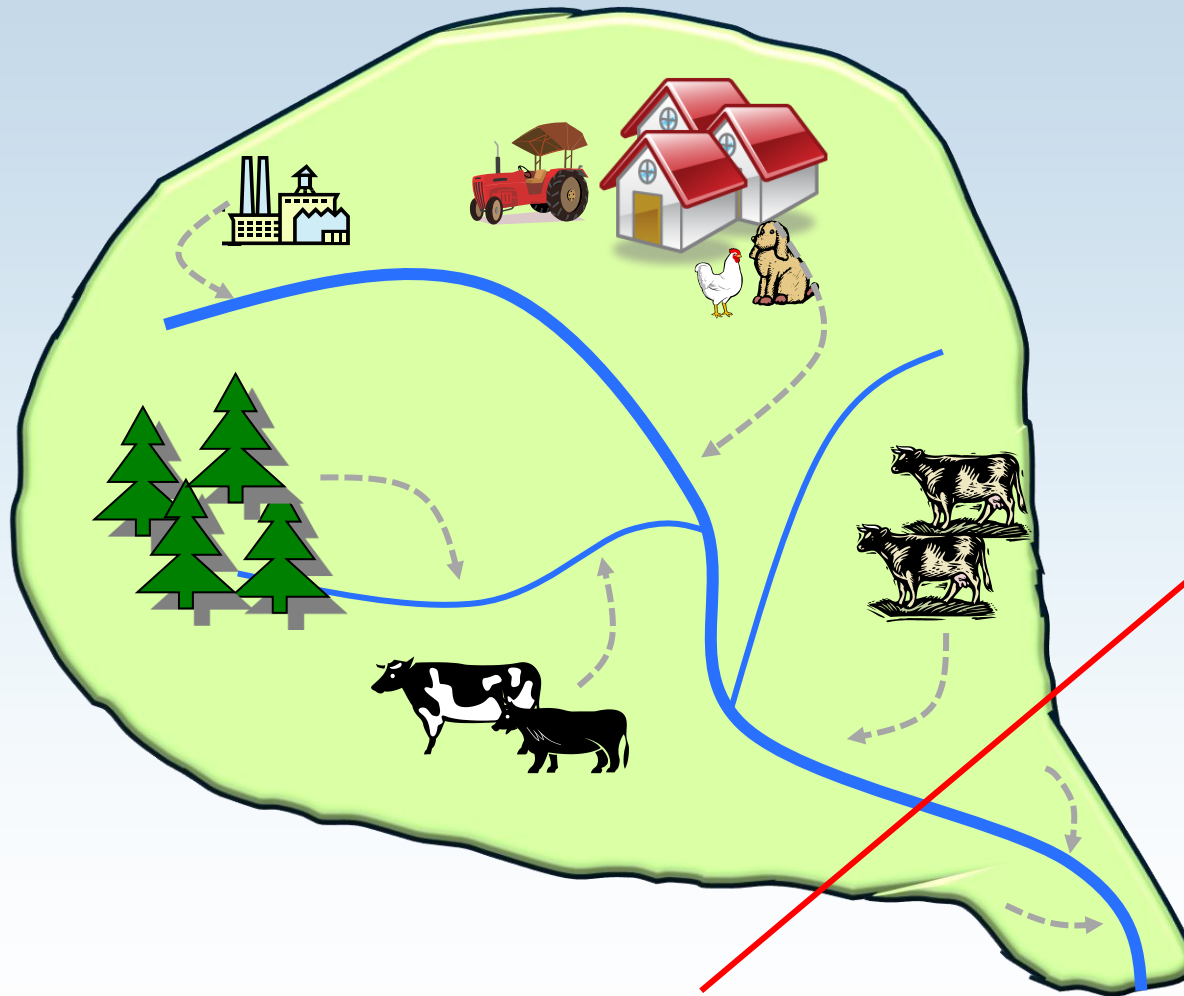
**Figure 3-1**  
**San Bernard River**  
**Watershed Overview**

May 2011

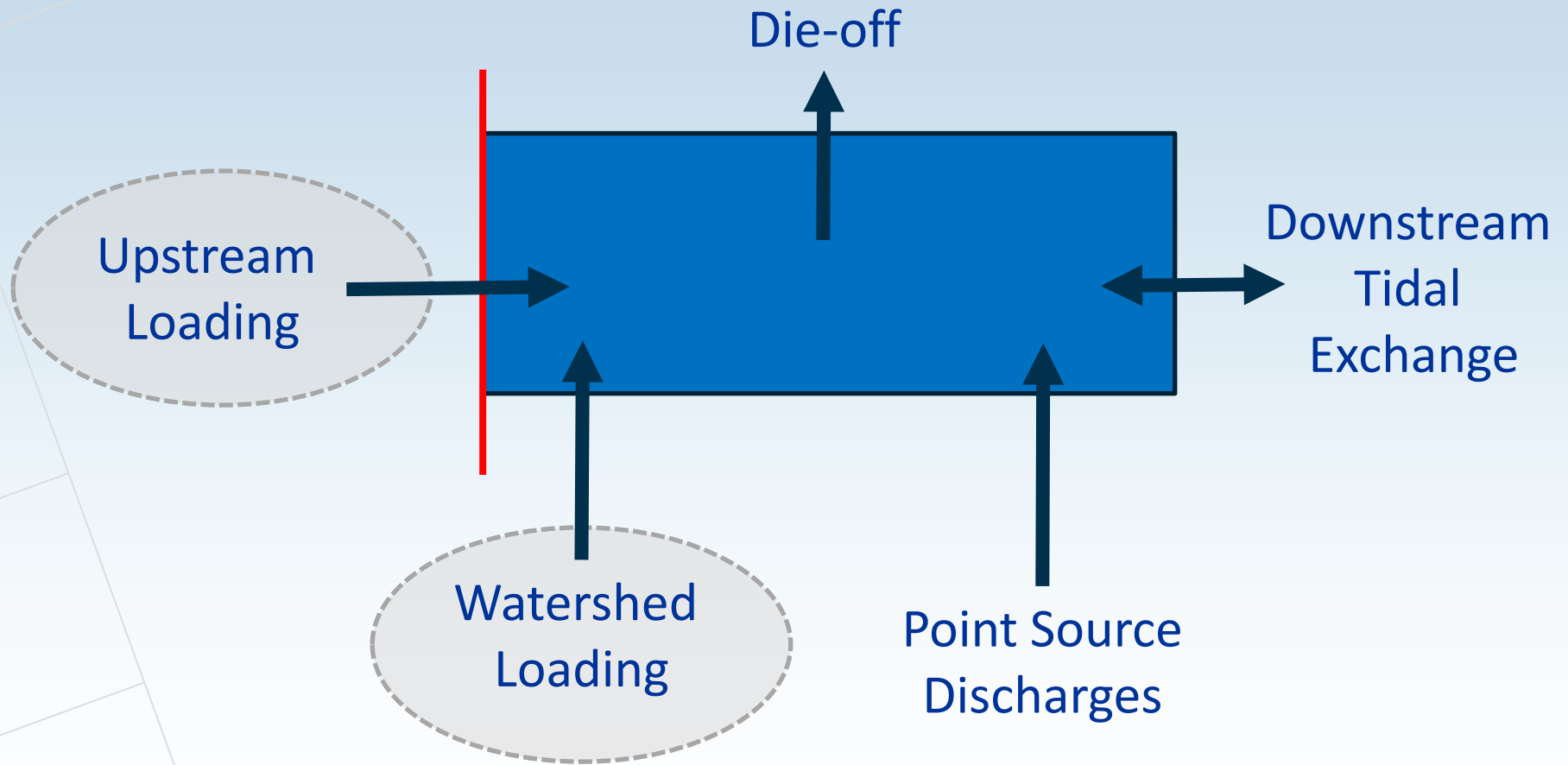
Data Sources: HGAC, TCOON, TNRS (Strat Map)



# Modeling Approach – Watershed Model



# Modeling Approach – Receiving Water Model



# MODEL SELECTION

## Watershed Models

- HSPF
- SWAT
- SWMM
- WAMView
- WARMF

## Receiving Water Models

- EPD-RIV1
- Tidal Prism
- WASP
- EFDC



# Model Screening Criteria

- Simulation of bacteria as a water quality parameter
- Application to tidal flow patterns
- Model source code availability
- Model Cost
- Demonstrable Bacteria Applications
- BMP Capabilities

# Model Screening and Evaluation

Model	Model Type	Screening Criteria							Score	Rank
		Bacteria as WQ Parameter <sup>1</sup>	Tidal Simulation <sup>1</sup>	Source Code Availability <sup>1</sup>	Cost <sup>2</sup>	Bacteria Applications <sup>1</sup>	BMP Evaluation Capabilities <sup>1</sup>	Other Factors <sup>3</sup>		
HSPF	Watershed	HIGH	N/A	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	MED	-	19	2
SWAT	Watershed	HIGH	N/A	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	-	21	1
SWMM	Watershed	HIGH	N/A	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	MED	-	19	2
WAM View	Watershed	HIGH	N/A	LOW	MED	LOW	LOW	-	11	5
WARMF	Watershed	HIGH	N/A	LOW	MED	LOW	HIGH	-	15	4
EPD Riv-1	Receiving Water	HIGH	HIGH	LOW	HIGH	MED	N/A	(a)	12	3
Tidal Prism	Receiving Water	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH <sup>4</sup>	MED	HIGH	N/A	-	18	1
WASP/ DYNHYD	Receiving Water	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	N/A	(b)	16	2
EFDC	Receiving Water	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	HIGH	N/A	-	16	2

Notes: Highlighted cells indicate models selected application in the San Bernard River Watershed

<sup>1</sup> Scores assigned as HIGH = 5 points; MED = 3 points; LOW = 1 point; <sup>2</sup> Scores assigned as HIGH = 1 point; MED = 3 points; LOW = 5 point

<sup>3</sup> Other factors regarding the models are as follows: (a) EPD-RIV1 has a serious limitation because dry streams cannot be simulated; (b) Use of WASP for water quality would still require development of a hydrodynamic model to simulate tidal flushing

<sup>4</sup> No software available will be programmed for San Bernard specifically. Source code and/or programming will be made available for future reference. Therefore, this criterion ranked HIGH.



# SWAT Model

- Soil and Water Assessment Tool (SWAT)
- Developed by Texas A&M and focuses on runoff and loadings from rural and agriculture-dominated watersheds
- Continuous model that simulates the effects of land management practices on water, sediment and agricultural chemical yields for large-scale complex watersheds or river basins
- ArcView interface capabilities
- Extensive BMP evaluation module that simulates several very specific applications relevant to rural watersheds

# Tidal Prism Model

- One-dimensional receiving water models
- Utilize the concept of “tidal flushing” to simulate the physical transport of pollutants in a tidal basin over time
- Perform simulations on a tidal cycle time scale

# NEXT STEPS

# San Bernard River Modeling Tasks

- QAPP Review & Approval
- Model Development (SWAT & Tidal Prism)
- Evaluation of Bacteria Conditions
- Stakeholder Support

# QUESTIONS

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