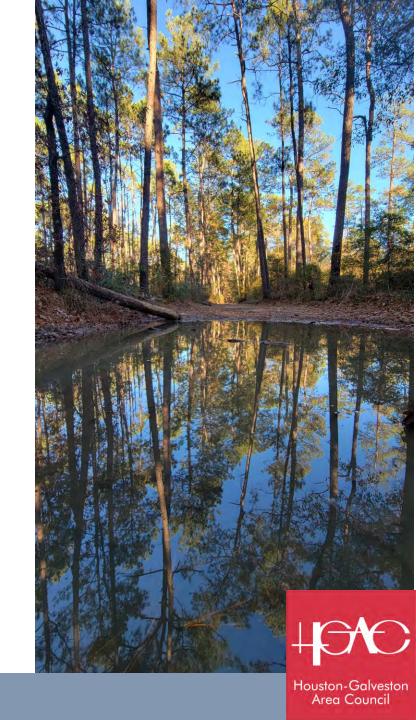
Regional Flood Management Committee

Ouarterly Meeting, 10/23/24 Online, Via Zoom





REGIONAL FLOOD MANAGEMENT COMMITTEE QUARTERLY MEETING October 23, 2024

October 23, 2024 1:30 pm to 3:30 pm Virtual, via Zoom

AGENDA

1:30 PM	Welcome
	Roll Call
	Public Comment (3 minutes per speaker)
1:40 PM	New Staff Introduction Bryant Clark, Senior Planner, Community and Environmental Planning Houston-Galveston Area Council (H-GAC)
1:45 PM	Speaker Presentation: Group Flood Insurance Policies and Recent Events Aurora Stegall, Training and Outreach Specialist Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Region 6
2:15 PM	Speaker Presentation: SBP, Disaster Resilience Fellows Will McCrory, Texas Resilience Fellow SBP
3:05 PM	Update: Texas Regional Flood Planning Process TBA San Jacinto Regional Flood Planning Group
3:20 PM	Other Announcements or Business Member Roundtable Next Meeting Reminder Announcements
3:30 PM	Adjourn



Roll Call

Primary and Alternate Board Members

Please unmute your microphone and voice that you are present at the meeting when you hear your name called



Public Comment 3 Minutes Per Speaker

We will inform you when your 3 minutes are over



New Staff Introduction:

Bryant Clark, Senior Planner Houston-Galveston Area Council (H-GAC)



Speaker Presentation:

Group Flood Insurance Policies and Recent Events

Aurora Stegall, Training and Outreach Specialist Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA), Region 6



Group Flood Insurance Policies - Texas Spring Flooding & Hurricane Beryl

H-GAC's Regional Flood Management Committee



Federal Flood Insurance Requirement

Federal flood insurance requirements

Different federal agencies have differing flood insurance requirements for the programs they run, for example:

- Small Business Administration (SBA) loans
- HUD mitigation grants through Texas General Land Office (GLO)
- USDA Rural Development loans and grants
- FEMA:
 - Hazard Mitigation Assistance (HMA)
 - FEMA Public Assistance (PA)
 - FEMA Individual Assistance (IA)

42 USC 5154a.

54a. SEC. 582. PROHIBITED FLOOD DISASTER ASSISTANCE.

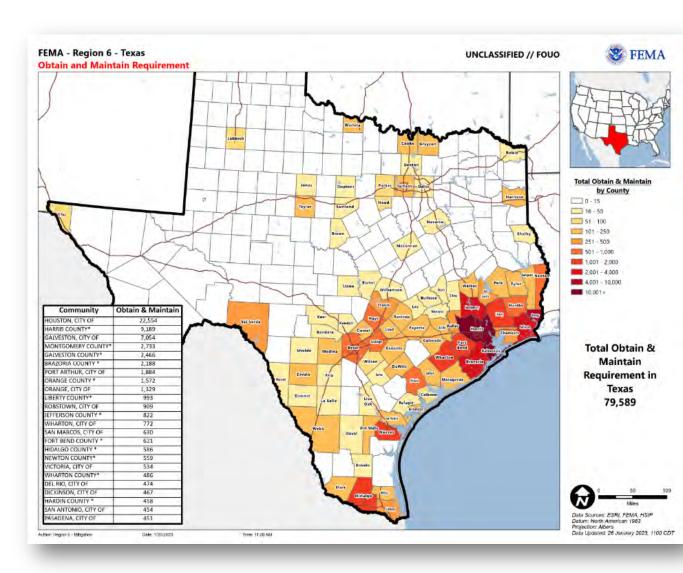
- (a) GENERAL PROHIBITION.-- Notwithstanding any other provision of law, no Federal disaster relief assistance made available in a flood disaster area may be used to make a payment (including any loan assistance payment) to a person for repair, replacement, or restoration for damage to any personal, residential, or commercial property if that person at any time has received flood disaster assistance that was conditional on the person first having obtained flood insurance under applicable Federal law and subsequently having failed to obtain and maintain flood insurance as required under applicable Federal law on such property.
 - (b) TRANSFER OF PROPERTY .--
 - (1) DUTY TO NOTIFY.-- In the event of the transfer of any property described in paragraph (3), the transferor shall, not later than the date on which such transfer occurs, notify the transferee in writing of the requirements to--
 - (A) obtain flood insurance in accordance with applicable Federal law with respect to such property, if the property is not so insured as of the date on which the property is transferred; and
 - (B) maintain flood insurance in accordance with applicable Federal law with respect to such property.

Such written notification shall be contained in documents evidencing the transfer of ownership of the property.

National Flood Insurance Reform Act of 1994

FEMA Disaster Assistance Obtain & Maintain (O&M)

- Applies to households in the Special Flood Hazard Area (SFHA) that receive federal disaster assistance for flooddamage repair or replacement of home or personal property.
 - Homeowners must purchase and maintain coverage on the property for as long as it exists. Requirement stays with the property. Must disclose to next buyer/owner.
 - Renters must maintain coverage for as long as they live at the rental property. Requirement ends if they move from that property. 40%-60% of FEMA applicants are renters.
- Not complying can make you ineligible for certain types of future disaster assistance in a flood event. Noncompliant survivors may still be eligible for things like medical, dental and temporary housing assistance.



Federal Emergency Management Agency

FEMA award letter outlines the flood insurance requirement

ASSISTANCE APPROVED

Your application is approved for a total of {TOTAL_AMT}:

Top right: FEMA approval letter for home repair assistance Bottom right: FEMA approval letter for personal property assistance

Requirement to Maintain Flood Insurance

Your home is located in a Special Flood Hazard Area and was damaged by flooding. If you keep the money FEMA gives you, you will be required to buy and keep flood insurance with building coverage. You will need to keep it as long as you live in your home or a future flood risk map shows your home is no longer in a Special Flood Hazard Area. If you sell your home, the new owner will be required to buy and keep flood insurance.

FEMA may be able to purchase flood insurance coverage for you if you meet the required criteria. If you qualify, you will get an additional letter.

If you do not buy flood insurance or if you let it lapse, you may not be approved for some forms of FEMA assistance in future disasters. If you do not agree to buy and keep flood insurance, you have 30 days from the date of this letter to return all FEMA Home Repair Assistance that flood insurance would have covered.

How to Return This Assistance to Avoid a Flood Insurance Requirement

You may contact FEMA's Helpline for more information on the exact amount. If you decide to return the assistance, please send a personal check or money order to: FEMA, P.O. Box 6200-16, Portland, OR 97228-6200, or contact FEMA's Helpline. Make sure you write your name, disaster number, and FEMA application number on the check. These numbers are printed above your name and address at the beginning of this letter. For more information about this requirement or to learn where to obtain flood insurance, visit www.FloodSmart.gov or call 1-877-336-2627.

• If you are a renter:

You will be required to keep flood insurance with contents coverage as long as you live in your home, or a future flood risk map shows your home is no longer in a Special Flood Hazard Area. If you move, you won't be required to buy flood insurance at your new address, but FEMA recommends buying flood insurance to protect yourself from future losses.

Examples of requirement

Cecil, homeowner

- Home is in flood zone AE.
- Home damaged in what is federally declared as the 2024 Fall Flooding federal disaster.
- Receives FEMA Housing Assistance (HA) for flood damage to his home.
- Must get and keep flood insurance.
- Requirement stays with the address.

Angela, renter

- Home is in flood zone V.
- Home damaged in what is federally declared as the 2024 Fall Flooding federal disaster.
- Receives FEMA Other Needs Assistance (ONA) for flood-damage personal property.
- Must get and keep flood insurance as long as remains at the rental address.

FEMA denial letter explains non-compliance

Noncompliant survivors may still be eligible for things like medical, dental and temporary housing assistance.

Top right: FEMA approval letter for home repair assistance Bottom right: FEMA approval letter for personal property assistance

Helping people before, during and after disasters

You Did Not Maintain Required Flood Insurance

Your application cannot be approved for Home Repair or Replacement Assistance because you didn't maintain a flood insurance policy.

In a previous disaster, you or the previous homeowner got FEMA Assistance. As a part of that assistance, you were required to buy flood insurance and keep it in place. Because you didn't have flood insurance, FEMA can't give you money for home repairs for this disaster that flood insurance would have paid for.

You can appeal this decision. Please send a copy of your flood insurance policy showing it was in effect when the disaster happened.

Please remember to include the insurance company's name and contact information so FEMA can confirm the information.

You Did Not Maintain Required Flood Insurance

Your application cannot be approved for Personal Property Assistance because you didn't maintain a flood insurance policy.

In a previous disaster, you got FEMA Assistance. As a part of that assistance, you were required to buy flood insurance and keep it in place. Because you didn't have flood insurance, FEMA can't give you money for personal property for this disaster that flood insurance would have covered.

You can appeal this decision. Please send a copy of your flood insurance policy showing it was in effect when the disaster happened.

Please remember to include the insurance company's name and contact information so FEMA can confirm the information.

Examples of non-compliance with requirement

Alma, homeowner

- Alma took ownership of the home from Cecil, in flood zone AE.
- Home damaged again in what is federally declared as the 2026 Hurricane Stephen federal disaster.
- Applies and is denied for FEMA flood damage to the home due to not having flood insurance.

Angela, renter

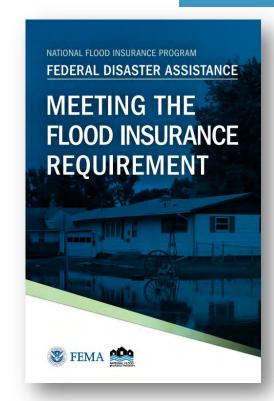
- Angela is at the same rental address, in flood zone V.
- Home damaged again in what is federally declared as the 2026 Hurricane Stephen federal disaster.
- Applies to FEMA for flood damage to personal property. Is denied personal property assistance due to not having flood insurance for her contents.

How can the requirement be satisfied?

- Private insurance
- Policy through the NFIP

Amount of insurance must be at least equal to the amount of the FEMA Individual Assistance award (this applies only to real and personal property that can be insured under the National Flood Insurance Program)

Call the FEMA Disaster Assistance line at 800-621-FEMA (3362) to verify how much assistance you previously received.



Meeting the Flood Insurance
Requirement | Floodsmart.gov

Group Flood Insurance Policies (GFIPs)

Three-year, post-disaster NFIP policies: Group Flood Insurance Policies

FEMA Fact Sheet

Group Flood Insurance Policy (GFIP) Fact Sheet

FEMA offers Group Flood Insurance Policies to individuals who do not have flood insurance and have received assistance from FEMA after a presidentially declared disaster.

Group Flood Insurance Eligibility

If flooding damaged your property, including your home or your personal possessions, you may be eligible to receive flood insurance through a Group Flood insurance Policy (GFIP). In addition to meeting general conditions of eligibility to receive assistance under FEMA's Individuals and Households Program (IHP), you must meet the following conditions to be considered for a GFIP pertificate:

- Flooding damaged your property located in a special flood hazard area (SFHA), otherwise known as a highrisk flood area.
- FEMA provided you assistance for the repair or replacement of the property damaged by flooding through the
 individuals and Households Program (IHP), triggering a requirement for you to obtain and maintain flood
 increases on the research.
- The damaged property is in a National Flood Insurance Program (NFIP) participating community and is eligible for NFIP coverage.
- · You did not have a previous requirement to maintain flood insurance on their damaged property.

Group Flood Insurance
Policy (GFIP) Fact
Sheet (floodsmart.gov)

If you are a renter:

If you are going to continue living in the home you applied from, please call FEMA's Help Line at 1-800-621-3362 within 6 months of the date on this letter to ask about Group Flood Insurance for renters. You may qualify for a three-year flood insurance policy paid for by FEMA.



Expanded Eligibility

Simplified Other Needs Assistance
FEMA no longer requires survivors to apply for a U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA) loan before being considered for certain types of assistance. Survivors now have the option to apply for a low-interest SBA loan at the same time they apply for FEMA assistance.

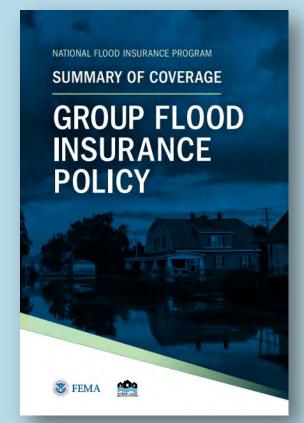
In addition to other changes to FEMA disaster assistance, more survivors may be eligible for Group Flood Insurance Policy (GFIP) to help fulfill the obtain and maintain requirement for 3 years/36 months, because the SBA loan dependence is now lifted.

Group Flood Insurance Policies (GFIPs) - Subset of O&M

State	Declaration Number	Date of Declaration	Date of Expiration	Number of Certificate Holders
TEXAS	DR-4781	05/17/2024	07/16/2027	336
TEXAS	DR-4798	07/09/2024	09/07/2027	137
TOTAL				473

At expiration: Homeowners need to purchase a policy, and renters need to purchase contents coverage if remaining at the same address.

If survivors do not maintain flood insurance at least equal to the amount of their IA award, after their GFIP expires, they may not be eligible for repair and replacement dollars for a future flood event. Less than 20% of certificate holders go on to purchase a policy.



Terms start 60 days after dec. date. Policies become effective 30 days after the NFIP receives notice and premium. Owners can transfer GFIPs.

\$2,400 premium paid from IHP award. \$200 deductible for building and \$200 deductible for contents. FY 2025 coverage: \$87,222.

| Summary of Coverage Group Flood Insurance Policy (floodsmart.gov)

DR-4781-TX GFIPs by County and Community – 7/16/2027

NFIP Community -	GFIP Policies		
City		Hardin	1
Dayton Lakes	8	Humble	1
Kirbyville	7	Huntsville	1
Houston	6	Killeen	1
Plum Grove	6	New Waverly	1
Gatesville	4	Patton Village	1
Liberty	4	Shepherd	1
Jasper	2	Tyler	1
Livingston	2	Irving	1
Riverside	2	Marlin	1
Temple	2	Levelland	1
Woodloch	2	Canton	1
Farmersville	1	Winona	1
Gun Barrel City	1	Total	60

NFIP Community - Co	ounty	GFIP Policies
Liberty County Unincorporated Areas		98
Walker County Unincorporated Areas		31
San Jacinto County Unincorporated Areas		29
Montgomery County Polk County		28
Unincorporated Areas		17
Newton County		15
Harris County		11
Jasper County		10
San Jacinto County		6
Tyler County		6
Kaufman County		5
Henderson County		4
Coryell County Smith County		3
Unincorporated Areas		3
Van Zandt County		3
Dallas County		2
Hardin County		2
Bell County		1
Ellis County		1
Leon County Unincorporated Areas		1
	Total	276

DR-4798-TX GFIPs by County and Community – 9/7/2027

NFIP Community ,City	GFIP Policies
Houston	20
Bayou Vista	19
Galveston	6
Surfside Beach	3
Tiki Island	3
Dickinson	2
Bailey's Prairie	2
Brazoria	1
Jamaica Beach	1
Manvel	1
Pasadena	1
Pearland	1
Seabrook	1
Wharton	1
Houston	20
Total	62

NFIP Community, County	GFIP Policies
Harris County	25
Matagorda County	17
Galveston County	16
Brazoria County	9
Montgomery County	3
San Jacinto County	2
Fort Bend County	1
Jasper County	1
Wharton County	1
Total	75

Federal Emergency Management Agency

Communities can get NFIP/GFIP data

- Email requests to FEMA floodplain management & insurance's johne.bowman@fema.dhs.gov
- An Information Sharing Access Agreement (ISAA) must be signed by the requesting agency and FEMA
- Data may include:
 - NFIP policies, claims, and averages
 - NFIP repetitive loss and severe repetitive loss
 - Obtain & Maintain flood insurance requirement properties
 - Group Flood Insurance Policies (GFIPs)
 - High Flood Risk Properties (repeatedly flooded)

	Agreement No./Title:
	DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY Federal Emergency Management Agency
	INFORMATION SHARING ACCESS AGREEMENT (ISAA)
	BETWEEN
	THE DEPARTMENT OF HOMELAND SECURITY/FEDERAL EMERGENCY MANAGEMENT AGENCY (DHS/FEMA)
	AND
	Liberty County
1.	INTRODUCTION. The U.S. Department of Homeland Security/Federal Emergency Management Agency (DHS/
	FEMA) and Liberty County
	(hereinafter referred to as "Recipient Entity"), hereinafter collectively referred as the "Parties," voluntarily enter into
	this Information Sharing Access Agreement (ISAA) (alternatively "Agreement") to govern the collection, use,
	access, disclosure, security, and refention of the Personally Identifiable Information (PII) dataset(s) described
	herein.

Third party ISAAs may or may not be approved. Aggregate data may be able to be shared if address-level data cannot.

FEMA Fact Sheet: Repeat Flood Data Available to Communities







ACT NOW! Your flood insurance policy expires in 45 days.

You received assistance as a result of a Presidential Disaster Declaration, including flood insurance under FEMA's Group Flood Insurance Policy (GFIP). That coverage will soon expire.

Contact an insurance agent and purchase a new policy before your current coverage lapses.

Once your policy expires, you will have 30 days to purchase a new flood insurance policy or you will face a lapse in coverage. If your coverage lapses, a 30 day waiting period will apply, which may leave you unprotected from future flooding. Contact an insurance agent as soon as possible to discuss your options.

Find an agent at FloodSmart.gov/flood-Insurance-provider

or call NFIP Direct at 800-638-6620.



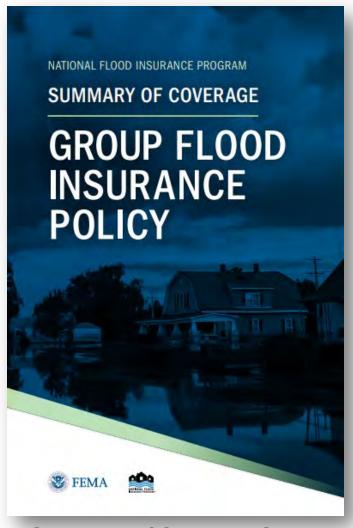


NFIP Direct Notifications to GFIP Holders

Several notices are sent to GFIP certificate holders over the course of the three years.

- Welcome packet
- Anniversary notices
- 45-day notice before expiration
- Non-renewal expiration notice

Each also come with a colorful buck slip notice advising of requirements



Summary of Coverage Group
Flood Insurance Policy

How to Make a Claim on Your GFIP

Report your loss immediately to NFIP Direct at (800) 638-6620 and ask them about an advance payment. Then prepare for your flood adjuster's visit:

- Provide receipts to verify that repairs were made following the prior flood loss
- 2. Separate damaged and undamaged property
- Take pictures of damaged property before disposing

\$200 deductible (per building claim and contents claim)

Resources

FEMA Mapping and Insurance eXchange (FMIX) | <u>View</u> 877-FEMA MAP (877-336-2627)

FloodSmart website for Consumers <u>English</u> | <u>Spanish</u> Provider lookup and online NFIP quotes coming soon

Order and Share Free Publications | View

Group Flood Insurance Toolkit

English

Federal Disaster Assistance: Meeting the Flood Insurance Requirement

English | Spanish

NFIP Flood Insurance for Renters

English | Spanish | Vietnamese | Chinese

GFIP Fact Sheet

English | Spanish | Vietnamese | Korean | Chinese

Expiring GFIPs and Key Update for Floodplain Administrators | Register October 24, 11 a.m. – 12 p.m. CT



Get In TOUCH WITH US

Rebecca Dake Training and Outreach Specialist Rebecca.Dake@fema.dhs.gov Aurora Stegall
Training and Outreach Specialist
Aurora.Stegall@fema.dhs.gov



Speaker Presentation: SBP, Disaster Resilience Fellows Sherry Risk, Disaster Advisor Michelle Bohrson, Fellows Group Manager Will McCrory, Texas Resilience Fellow SBP



SBP Support & Programs

Houston-Galveston Area Council Regional Flood Management Committee October 23, 2024





Welcome and Introductions

Who is SBP?



A disaster recovery and resilience non-profit organization working to shrink the time between disaster and recovery

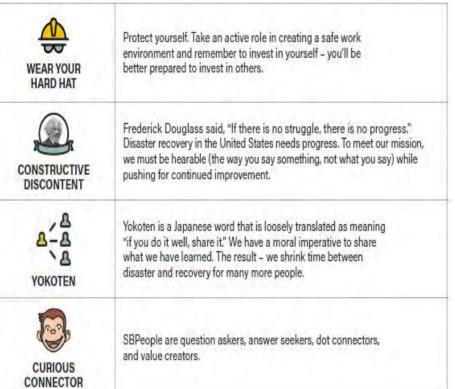
SBP Interventions

- **Build** homes quickly after disasters by mobilizing private sector innovations and assigning a single point of contact to make the home rebuilding process faster and more predictable
- Share rebuilding innovations with other rebuilding organizations to allow for efficient, predictable recovery on a national scale
- Prepare home and business owners prior to and following disaster with specific steps to mitigate risk and improve resilience
- Advise policy makers immediately after a disaster so they can deploy federal dollars sooner, and in a way that empowers an efficient recovery
- **Advocate** for the reform of disaster recovery strategies in the U.S. to improve the predictability and speed of recovery

SBP Values



STEER THROUGH TURBULENCE	We understand that discomfort, challenges, and struggle are often the admission tickets to greater impact. We embrace the bumps and hold one another accountable.	
TIME MATTERS, OWN YOUR ROUTE	Know the goal and be relentless in the pursuit of it. Staff and AmeriCorps members should press forward toward the goal and feel empowered to get there using their best judgment and our mission as guiding forces. WE, ARE, NOT, PASSIVE.	
UNLEASH IT!	It is our belief that people are hard-wired to fix and solve and help. Our job is to tap into that innate ability and empower action.	
XX XX XXXXX XXX THE MOM BULE	We go about our work as if it were our own loved ones impacted by disaster. It is imperative that we shrink time between disaster and recovery AND keep our clients from reaching their breaking point. Consider both efficiency and empathy as you make decisions.	



How Can SBP Support You?











Disaster Recovery Training

Advising & Consulting

Disaster Assistance Program

Resilience and Recovery Fellows



Topics in Building Resilience

Stafford Act, 44 CFR, and FEMA Policy

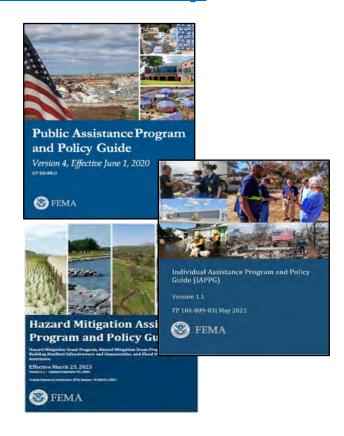


Possible assistance:

- Individual Assistance (IA)
- Public Assistance (PA) Grant

Competitive Grants:

- Hazard Mitigation Grant Program (HMGP)
- HMGP-Post Fire Grant
- Building Resilient Infrastructure Communities (BRIC) Grant
- Flood Mitigation Assistance (FMA)
- FMA-SWIFT



Stafford Act, 44 CFR, and FEMA Policy



Individual Assistance

Who: Individuals and households, SLTT governments to support individuals

What: Authorized programs that provide direct assistance through grants to supplement disaster damages not covered by insurance

Why: Provides financial assistance and direct services for survivors who are uninsured and underinsured

Reference: 44 CFR 206, Subparts D - F



Stafford Act, 44 CFR, and FEMA Policy





Public Assistance

Who: State, locals, tribes, territories, certain private nonprofits

What: Supplemental grant assistance for emergency and permanent work

Why: Allows communities to quickly respond to and recover from major disasters or emergencies declared by the President

Reference: 44 CFR 206, Subparts G - I



Stafford Act Section 406

PA Program

Disaster-related program



PA: Mitigation of incident caused damage

Funding: Available for disaster-damaged facilities only*

Public Assistance Mitigation

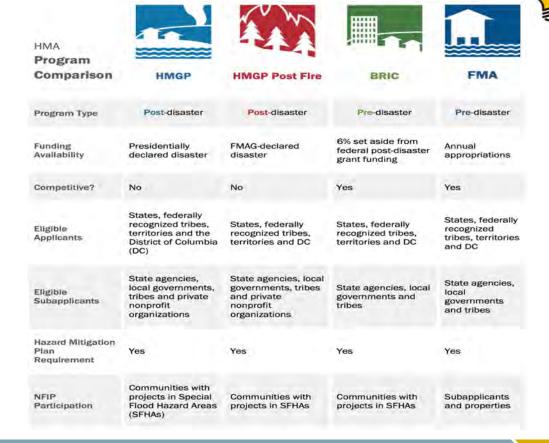
Additional funding to protect an applicant's facilities may be eligible as PA hazard mitigation.

Hazard mitigation measures are those taken to help avoid repetitive damage from multiple disasters, reduce the potential for future damage to an eligible facility, and provide long-term solutions to the increasing frequency and severity of natural hazards.

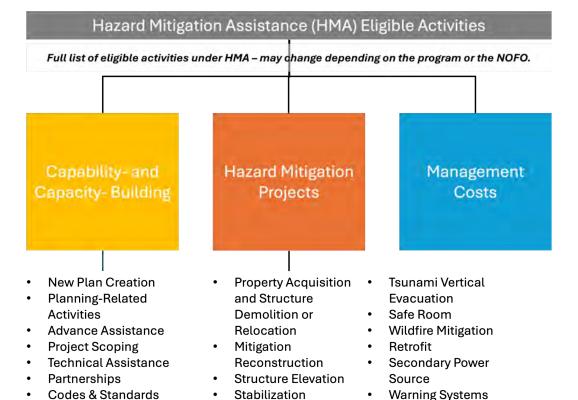
PA hazard mitigation allows work beyond code and standard requirements.

Aims to reduce the risk of future damage, hardship, loss, or suffering in any area affected by a major disaster.

Aims to promote proactive mitigation efforts before disasters occur.







Flood Risk Reduction •

Floodproofing

Aquifer Recharge,

Storage, and Recovery

How Assistance is Prioritized

FEMA is focused on removing barriers to funding access, especially for disadvantaged communities prioritize assistance for:

- Mitigation activities within, or that primarily benefit, a Justice40 Initiative community,
- A federally recognized tribe or tribal entity,
- A disadvantaged community or communities as identified by the Climate and Economic Justice Screening Tool (CEJST),
- An Economically Disadvantaged Rural Community, (as defined in 42 U.S.C. § 5133(a) as a small impoverished community), and
- A Community Disaster Resilience Zone (CDRZ)

Community Development Block Grant-Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR)

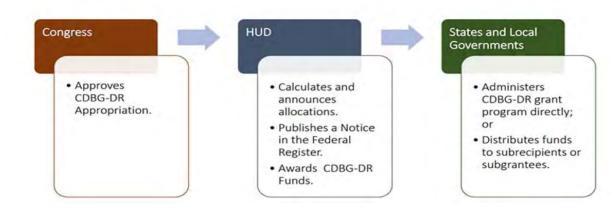


- □ Tie Back to disaster
- Benefit low to moderate income persons
- Percentage to Most Impacted Disaster (MID) areas

CDBG-DR Overview

CDBG-DR Funds

In response to extraordinary impacts from disasters, Congress sometimes appropriates additional funding to the Community Development Block Grant Disaster Recovery (CDBG-DR) funding. Unlike other recovery assistance programs administered by the U.S. Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA) and the U.S. Small Business Administration (SBA), CDBG-DR assistance is not permanently authorized. After Congress appropriates funding to the CDBG-DR program, HUD formally announces the CDBG-DR awards and publishes rules for the awards in a Federal Register notice.





CDBG-Mitigation Goals



Support data-informed investments, focusing on repetitive loss of property and critical infrastructure



Build capacity to comprehensively analyze disaster risks and update hazard mitigation plans;



Support the adoption of policies that reflect local and regional priorities that will have longlasting effects on community risk reduction, including risk reduction to community lifelines and decreasing future disaster costs; and



Maximize the impact of funds by encouraging leverage, private/public partnerships, and coordination with other Federal dollars.

MUST meet HUD's definition of mitigation. Those activities that increase resilience to disasters, lessen the impact of future disasters, and reduce or eliminate long-term risk of loss of life, injury, damage to and loss of property, and suffering and hardship



Inflation Reduction Act

Provides significant opportunities for enhancing resilience across various sectors, particularly in relation to climate change and ecosystem management. Examples include:

- Ecosystem Resilience
- Energy Resilience
- Household and Small Business Energy Resilience
- Long-Term Monitoring for Resilience Planning



Bipartisan Infrastructure Law

Includes several provisions aimed at enhancing resilience and mitigation, particularly in the context of climate change and infrastructure. Examples include:

- Grid Resilience
- Increases to FEMA's BRIC Program
- Climate and Energy Resilience
- Broadband and Water Infrastructure Resilience
- Transportation Resilience





Resilience and Recovery Fellowship Program

Resilience Fellowship



The SBP Resilience and Recovery Fellowship Program exists to serve the needs of small- to medium-sized communities both pre and post disaster.

This program aims to:

- Bolster resilience and streamline recovery process
- Identify, access and mobilize
- Mitigate suffering and loss
- Increase local capacity for small and medium size communities

Selected based on the FEMA Community Disaster Recovery Zones (CDRZ).

Resilience Fellowship



 Fellows placed around FEMA-designated Community Disaster Resilience Zones (CDRZ) which were identified the most at-risk and in-need communities across the US.

•

- This program started with three Fellows which influenced over \$55m in resilience funding during their Fellowship.
 - Lake Charles, LA awarded \$40m in HUD grant to develop 562 resilient mixed-income rental units
- SBP is currently in the second round of fellows, located primarily across the Southeast US.

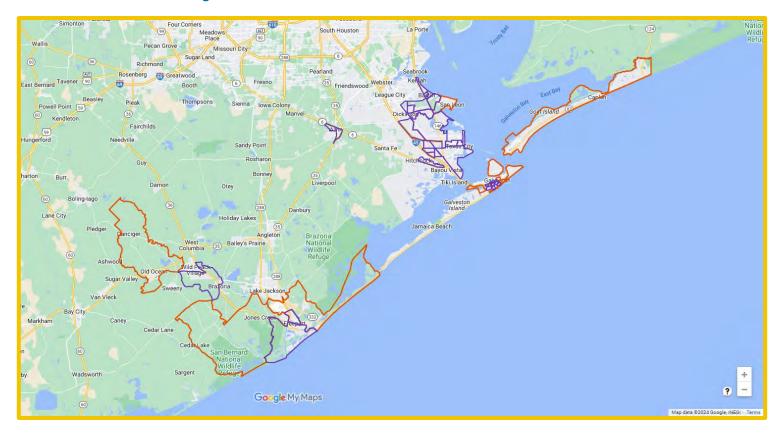
Resilience Fellowship





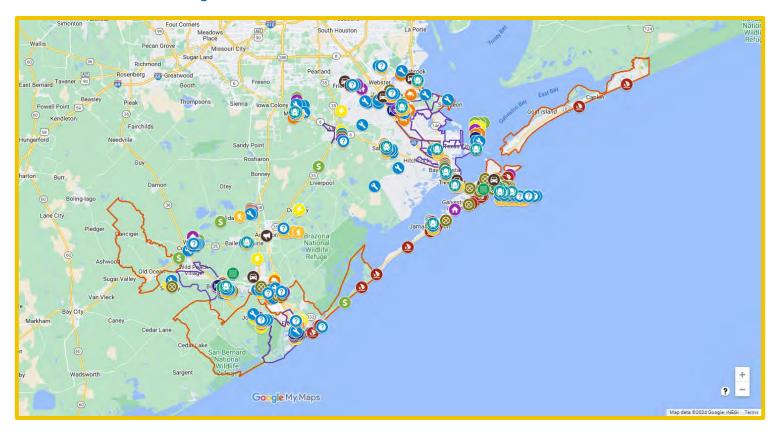
Texas Fellowship



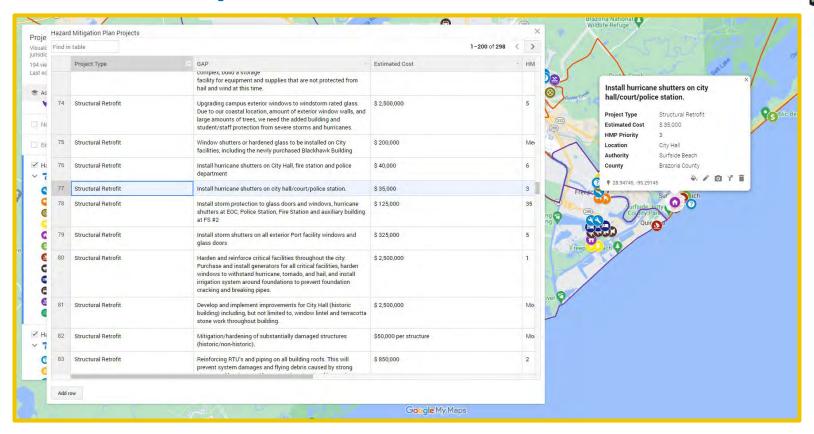


Texas Fellowship





Texas Fellowship





Conclusion

Upcoming Training in Savannah, GA



- Response to Recovery Leader Practitioner Course
 - November 5-7, 2024

2.5-day, in-person instruction

To register, please following this link: **Registration Link** or scan the Qr code. If you have any questions about this course, please don't hesitate to contact our team at advise@sbpusa.org.





Your travel expenses, lodging, instruction & course materials paid for thanks to a generous grant from the **Walmart Foundation**





GRANT FUNDED TRAINING

PER SEAT COURSE TRAINING

ADDITIONAL SERVICES

ADVISE OFFERING

If you have any questions about any of these offerings, please don't hesitate to contact us at advise@sbpusa.org or visit our Resource Hub page

- CDBG-DR Leader
 Practitioner Course
- CDBG-MIT
 Mitigation
 Practitioner Course
- Response to Recovery Leader Practitioner Course

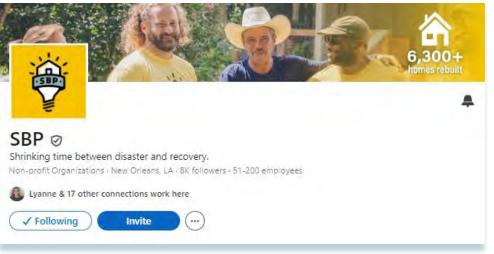
Registration Link





- Disaster Housing Course
- DR/MIT Finance Leader Course
- Acquisition and Buyout Course
- Disaster Case Management Training Course
- Long-Term Recovery Group Course
- CDBG-DR/MIT Federal Compliance Course
- Public Administration Leadership

- Organizational Assessments
- Disaster Strategy Consulting
- Disaster Planning Workshops
- Scope Contracting
- Construction Management Analysis
- Sub-Recipient Agreements









Follow Us on LinkedIn & Facebook







Will McCrory

SBP Disaster Resilience Fellow wmccrory@sbpusa.org

Update:

Texas Regional Flood Planning Process

San Jacinto Regional Flood Planning Group



FLOOD RISK REDUCTION SOLUTIONS

HOW TO SUBMIT FOR STATE FUNDING ELIGIBILITY

Introduction to Regional Flood Planning

In 2019, the Texas Legislature tasked the Texas Water Development Board (TWDB) initiating the regional and state flood planning processes. Region 6 is one of 15 Regional Flood Planning Groups (RFPG) across the State tasked with developing a regional flood plan. In 2024, TWDB adopted the inaugural State Flood Plan, which incorporated the findings of the 15 Regional Flood Plans. Regional and state flood planning activities are beginning for the next planning and funding cycle.

Flood Infrastructure Fund

The TWDB's Flood Infrastructure Fund (FIF) is a funding program that provides financial assistance for drainage and flood risk reduction planning/studies, design, and construction (flood risk reduction solutions). Funding includes grants and low or no interest loans to eligible political subdivisions.

To be eligible for FIF funding, your flood risk reduction solution(s) must be included in the 2024 State Flood Plan.

A complete list of currently eligible flood risk reduction solutions is available in the 2024 State Flood Plan Documents at texasstatefloodplan.org.

The next FIF funding cycle is anticipated to open in 2026. To increase the number of eligible communities, the TWDB and RFPG are providing an opportunity to incorporate additional flood risk reduction solutions or updates to currently recommended solutions into the 2024 State Flood Plan through an amendment process.

TWDB has established an April 1, 2025 submittal deadline. The RFPG must take action prior to submittal for the amendment; therefore, the RFPG is requesting a Notice of Intent (NOI) from communities considering joining the amendment process. The NOI should be submitted by November 15, 2024, with a full submittal deadline of January 15, 2025. Beyond the amendment process, additional flood risk reduction solutions can be incorporated into the 2028 Regional Flood Plan and could become eligible for future funding cycles. Anticipated timelines to qualify for FY 2026-2027 FIF funding and future funding cycles are included below.

TIMELINE

Anticipated FY 2026-2027 FIF Funding Cycle



Future Funding Cycles



TYPES OF ELIGIBLE SOLUTIONS

Flood risk reduction solutions are classified into 3 categories, Flood Management Evaluation (FME), Flood Management Strategy (FMS), and Flood Mitigation Projects (FMP).



FLOOD MANAGEMENT EVALUATION

Studies to Assess Flood Risk or Identify Potential Projects

Examples:

- Watershed Planning Study
- Project Feasibility Study
- Dam Evaluations



FLOOD MANAGEMENT STRATEGY

Policy Changes, Education, & Awareness

Examples:

- Outreach & Education Programs
- Flood Warning Systems
- Drainage Criteria Development
- Property Acquisition or Elevation



FLOOD MITIGATION PROJECT

Structural Project to Reduce Flood Risk

Examples:

- Open Channel Projects
- Road Crossing Improvements
- Storm Drain Projects
- Detention Projects

For inclusion in the 2024 Plan Amendment, all proposed FMEs, FMSs, and FMPs received must be reviewed for completeness, alignment with RFPG-adopted flood mitigation and floodplain management goals, and recommended by the RFPG. The submittal checklist below identifies key requirements of each flood risk solution type.

SUBMITTAL CHECKLIST

FME	FMS	FMP	Requirements
			Notice of Intent by November 15, 2024
			Please specify each FME, FMS, and FMP
			Project/Study Name
			Scope Description
			Shapefile (Study area or Project Area)*
			Estimated Study Cost (Non-Construction)
			Estimated Construction Cost
			Hydrologic & Hydraulic Models
			Pre & Post Project 100yr Floodplains
			Benefit Cost Analysis
			No Negative Impacts Certification
			Pre & Post Project Flood Risk Exposure*

^{*}Technical Consultant will provide additional detail following Notice of Intent

GET INVOLVED

If interested in submitting a FME, FMS, or FMP in the 2024 Flood Plan Amendment, please reach out to the San Jacinto Technical Consultant at

SJRFPG.TechCon@freese.com.

For information on the RFPG and its meetings, please visit sanjacintofloodplanning.org. Meeting attendance is available online or in person.

To learn more about the 2023 Regional Flood Plan visit our storymap located on the home page of our website.

Member Roundtable



2025 Meeting Dates

January 15th- Virtual, via Zoom

April 16th- In-person, at H-GAC

July16th- Virtual, via Zoom

October 15th- In-person, at H-GAC



Other Announcements



We are adjourned, thank you for attending!

Contact Amanda Ashcroft, AICP Planner, H-GAC 713-993-4545 Amanda.Ashcroft@hgac.com

